UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q				
[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934				
For the quarterly period ended December 31, 1994				
OR				
[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934				
For the transition period from to				
Commission file number 0 - 18032				
LATTICE SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION				
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)				
State of Delaware 93-0835214				
(State or other jurisdiction(I.R.S. Employerof incorporation or organization)Identification No.)				
5555 N.E. Moore Court, Hillsboro, Oregon 97124-6421				
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)				
(503) 681-0118				
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)				

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No

At December 31, 1994, there were 18,686,680 shares of the Registrant's common stock, \$.01 par value, outstanding.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

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ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LATTICE SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (In thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	Dec. 31, 1994	Jan. 1, 1994	Dec. 31, 1994	Jan. 1, 1994
Revenue	\$36,288	\$28,573	\$103,765	\$96,054
Costs and expenses: Cost of products sold Research and development Selling, general and administrative	,	4,797	42,226 16,674 18,121	15,650
Total costs and expenses	26,883	21,980	77,021	73,429
Income from operations	9,405	6,593		22,625
Other income, net	895	668	2,297	1,939
Income before provision for income taxes	10,300	7,261	29,041	24,564
Provision for income taxes	3,450		9,773	7,714
Net income	\$ 6,850	\$ 5,083	\$ 19,268	\$16,850
Net income per share	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.27	\$ 1.01	\$ 0.89
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding	19,134 	18,918 	19,091	18,950

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (In thousands, except share data)

Assets	DECEMBER 31, 1994	APRIL 2, 1994
	(unaudited)	
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments Accounts receivable Inventories Prepaid expenses and other current assets Deferred income taxes	\$ 7,677 81,719 14,053 14,489 7,102 5,446	<pre>\$ 18,363 75,239 11,661 13,847 1,401 5,521</pre>
Total current assets	130,486	126,032
Wafer supply advance Property and equipment, net Other assets	27,644 19,389 474	19,823 238
	\$177,993	\$146,093
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deferred income on sales to distributors Income taxes payable	\$ 18,339 8,878 3,608	\$ 9,848 7,086 4,091
Total current liabilities	30,825	21,025
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized; none		
issued or outstanding Common stock, \$.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized; 18,686,680 and		
18,411,035 shares issued and outstanding Paid-in capital Retained earnings	187 79,873 67,108	184 77,044 47,840
Total stockholders' equity	147,168	125,068
	\$177,993	\$146,093

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands) (unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended	
	Dec. 31, 1994	Jan. 1,
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$19,268	\$16,850
Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities:	4,464	4,280
Accounts receivable Inventories Prepaid expenses and other assets Deferred income taxes Accounts payable and other accrued expenses Income taxes payable Deferred income	(5,937) 75	1,946 (2,998) (534) (1,475) (8,709) 273 894
Total adjustments	5,368	(6,323)
Net cash provided by operating activities		10,527
Cash flows from investing activities: Wafer supply advance Purchase of short-term investments Capital expenditures	(27,644) (6,480)	(12,894) (6,231)
Net cash used by investing activities	(38,154)	
Cash flows from financing activities: Net proceeds from issuance of stock Payments of capital lease obligations	2,832	2,851 (126)
Net cash provided by financing activities	2,832	2,725
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(10,686)	(5,873)
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	18,363	10,755
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,677	\$ 4,882

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are unaudited and have been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and in the opinion of management include all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for the fair statement of results for the interim periods. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 2, 1994.

The Company reports on a 52 or 53 week fiscal year, ending on the Saturday closest to March 31. The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of Lattice Semiconductor Corporation and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Lattice Semiconducteurs SARL, Lattice GmbH, Lattice Semiconductor KK, Lattice Semiconductor (Shanghai) Co. Ltd, Lattice UK Limited, Lattice Semiconductor Asia Limited, and Lattice Semiconductor International Limited. The operations of the subsidiaries have not been significant in relation to the consolidated financial statements to date, and all intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The results of the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results for the entire year.

(2) Revenue Recognition

Revenue from sales to OEM (original equipment manufacturer) customers is generally recognized upon shipment. Certain of the Company's sales are made to distributors under agreements providing price protection and right of return on unsold merchandise. Revenue and related costs on such sales are deferred until the product is sold by the distributor and the transaction is then reflected in income.

(3) Net Income Per Share

Net income per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock and common stock equivalents assumed to be outstanding during the periods (using the treasury stock method). Common stock equivalents consist of stock options and warrants to purchase common stock.

	December 31, 1994	April 2, 1994
Work in progress Finished goods	\$10,139 4,350	\$ 9,984 3,863
	\$14,489	\$13,847

(5) Foreign Exchange

Substantially all of the Company's silicon wafer purchases are denominated in Japanese yen. The Company maintains yen-denominated bank accounts to limit its exposure to fluctuations in the yen/dollar exchange rate. These bank deposits are accounted for as identifiable hedges against specific and firm wafer purchases.

(6) Changes in Stockholders' Equity (in thousands):

	Common Stock	Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
Balances, April 2, 1994	\$ 184	\$77,044	\$ 47,840	\$125,068
Stock option exercises Net income for the nine-month	3	2,829		2,832
period			19,268	19,268
Balances, December 31, 1994	 \$ 187	\$79,873	\$ 67,108	\$147,168
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(7) Commitments and Contingencies

Patent and other proprietary rights infringement claims are common in the semiconductor industry and the Company is exposed to both asserted and unasserted claims. The Company has received a letter from a semiconductor manufacturer stating that it believes certain patents held by it cover products sold by the Company. While this manufacturer has offered to license certain of such patents to the Company, there can be no assurance that, on this or any other claim which may be made against the Company, the Company could obtain a license on terms or under conditions that would not have a material adverse effect on the Company. Management believes that the disposition of this claim will not have a material adverse effect on the Company.

In July 1994, the Company signed an agreement with its principal wafer supplier which calls for the Company to advance \$44 million to the supplier to be used in conjunction with the construction of additional wafer fabrication capacity and technology development. \$23 million and \$10.5 million of this amount was paid during the quarters ended October 1, 1994 and December 31, 1994, respectively; the remaining \$10.5 million installment will be paid during the fourth fiscal quarter. The \$44 million advance will be repaid in the form of semiconductor wafers over a multiyear period beginning this fiscal year. The balance sheet caption "Prepaid expenses and other current assets" includes management's estimate of such wafers to be received under the agreement during the twelve months subsequent to December 31, 1994.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

REVENUE

Revenue was \$36.3 million in the third quarter of fiscal 1995, an increase of 27 percent over the third quarter of fiscal 1994. Revenue for the nine months ended December 31, 1994 was \$103.8 million, an increase of eight percent over the prior year's comparable nine-month revenue. Substantially all of the Company's revenue is derived from sales of programmable logic devices (PLDs). These devices have been the source of most of the Company's revenue to date. The Company entered the high density segment of the PLD market in fiscal 1993 with its pLSI-Registered Trademark- and ispLSI-Registered Trademark- product families. The increase in revenue for the fiscal 1995 periods over the 1994 periods resulted primarily from the increased sales of new products, especially high density products.

Revenue from export sales increased as a percentage of total revenue in the third fiscal 1995 quarter compared to the third fiscal 1994 quarter, from 45 percent to 46 percent, and increased from 41 percent to 45 percent between the two nine-month periods. The Company expects export sales to continue to represent a significant portion of revenue. The Company's export sales are subject to risks common to all export activities, including but not limited to governmental regulation and possible imposition of tariffs and other trade barriers.

Overall average selling prices for the Company's products remained relatively constant between the fiscal 1994 nine-month period and the comparable fiscal 1995 nine-month period. Average selling prices declined slightly in the fiscal 1995 third quarter as compared to the prior year's third quarter. Although selling prices of mature products generally decline over time, this decline is at times offset by higher selling prices of new products. The Company's ability to achieve future revenue growth and maintain overall selling prices is largely dependent on the continued development, introduction and market acceptance of new products.

GROSS MARGIN

The Company's gross margin was 59.2 percent in the third quarter of fiscal 1995, up from 57.8 percent in the third quarter of fiscal 1994. For the 1995 ninemonth period, the gross margin was 59.3 percent, up from 57.5 percent a year earlier. These increases were primarily due to improved capacity utilization and reductions in the Company's manufacturing costs. Profit margins on older products tend to decrease over time as selling prices decline, but the Company's strategy has been to offset these decreases by continuously introducing new products with higher margins.

The Company's gross margin percentage in future periods will be negatively affected if the Company fails to execute its new product strategy, or if profit contribution from new products is not sufficient to offset the anticipated margin decline from older products.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSE

Research and development expense increased by \$993,000, or 21 percent, from the third quarter of fiscal 1994 to the third quarter of fiscal 1995, and by \$1,024,000, or seven percent between the two comparable nine-month periods. a percentage of revenue, research and development spending decreased slightly between the two quarters, from 16.8 percent in the third quarter of fiscal 1994 to 16.0 percent in the third quarter of fiscal 1995, and remained relatively constant between the two nine-month periods at just over 16 percent. The higher spending level in the fiscal 1995 periods was related to the development of new technologies and new products, including the Company's high density product families and their related software development tools. The decrease in spending as a percentage of revenue for the fiscal 1995 third quarter as compared to the comparable prior year fiscal period is reflective of the higher revenue level in the fiscal 1995 period. The Company believes that a continued commitment to research and development is essential in order to maintain product leadership, and therefore expects to continue to make significant investments in research and development in the future.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE

Selling, general and administrative expense increased by \$1,170,000, or 23 percent, from the fiscal 1994 third quarter to the fiscal 1995 third quarter, and by \$1,162,000 or seven percent between the two nine-month periods. The increased expense in the fiscal 1995 periods is primarily due to the expansion of the Company's sales force and higher sales commissions related to the higher revenue levels in the fiscal 1995 periods. Selling, general and administrative expense as a percentage of revenue decreased from 17.9 percent in the fiscal 1994 quarter to 17.3 percent in the fiscal 1995 quarter, and decreased from 17.7 percent to 17.5 percent between the two nine-month periods.

INTEREST AND OTHER INCOME

Interest and other income (net of expense) increased by \$227,000 or approximately 34 percent from the third quarter of fiscal 1994 to the third quarter of fiscal 1995 and by \$358,000 or 18 percent for the two comparable nine-month periods. This was due to larger invested cash balances during fiscal 1995 and higher interest rates in the fiscal 1995 periods, particularly in the fiscal 1995 third quarter.

PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES

The Company's effective tax rate was 30 percent and approximately 31.4 percent for the three and nine months ended January 1, 1994, respectively, and approximately 33.5 percent and 33.7 percent, respectively, for the comparable fiscal 1995 periods. This increase occurred primarily because both net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards were available in the fiscal 1994

periods, while only the remaining tax credit carryforwards are available in fiscal 1995.

The Company expects its effective tax rate in future years to be slightly higher than the current rate due to the full utilization during fiscal 1995 of the remaining tax credit carryforwards.

FACTORS AFFECTING FUTURE RESULTS

In the future, the Company's operating results may fluctuate as a result of a number of factors, including but not limited to cancellations or delays of orders, interruption or delays in the supply of raw materials, increases in the cost of raw materials, interruption or delays in work performed by third party contractors, changes in customer base or product mix, delays in purchase decisions due to new product announcements by the Company or its competitors, increased competition, reductions in average selling prices, the Company's ability to obtain and defend competitive patents and other intellectual property, and weak economic conditions, political instability or natural disasters in foreign markets in which the Company distributes or manufactures its products.

The Company's continued success will depend in large part on its ability to introduce new products on a timely basis that achieve market acceptance, are competitively priced and produce acceptable profit margins, and also on various factors outside of the Company's control, such as the health and cyclical nature of the semiconductor industry and the worldwide economy.

Due to its rapidly changing technology and competitive nature, the semiconductor industry from time to time experiences depressed economic conditions. In addition, the inherent volatility of the industry has produced and may continue to produce fluctuations in the price of the stock of companies participating in this industry, including the Company's common stock.

The Company's revenue and profitability to date are due primarily to sales of the Company's GAL-Registered Trademark- products, many of which are second sourced by other suppliers. Continued revenue growth will be largely dependent on market acceptance of the Company's new and proprietary products, including the Company's pLSI-Registered Trademark- and ispLSI-Registered Trademarkproduct families and accompanying software development tools.

Significant Transactions

In July 1994, the Company entered into an advanced production payment agreement with Seiko Epson Corporation ("Seiko") and S-MOS Systems, Inc. ("S-MOS"), a U.S. affiliate of Seiko, which calls for advances by the Company to Seiko of \$42 million to be used by Seiko to finance additional sub-micron semiconductor wafer manufacturing capacity. The Company paid \$21 million and \$10.5 million, respectively, of this amount during the quarters ended October 1 and December 31, 1994; the remaining \$10.5 million installment is to be made during the Company's current fiscal year. Under the terms of the agreement, the advances are to be repaid in the form of advanced technology sub-micron semiconductor wafers. Subject to certain conditions set forth in the agreement, Seiko has

agreed to supply, and the Company has agreed to receive, such wafers at a price (in Japanese yen) and volume expected to achieve full repayment of the advance over a three to four year period. In connection with the advanced production payment agreement, the Company also paid Seiko \$2 million for the development of sub-micron process technology and the fabrication of engineering wafers to be delivered over the same period.

The advanced production payment agreement calls for the wafers to be supplied by Seiko through S-MOS, as U.S. distributor for Seiko, pursuant to a purchase agreement concluded with S-MOS.

Most of the Company's wafer requirements are currently supplied by Seiko. Daniel S. Hauer, a member of the Company's Board of Directors, is Chairman of the Board of S-MOS. The Company also has a wafer supply agreement with Chartered Semiconductor Pte. Ltd ("Chartered") in Singapore, although Chartered is not currently supplying semiconductor wafers to the Company.

Due to the complexity of the manufacturing process and the extremely low defect tolerances associated with the manufacture of complex integrated circuits, the Company considers the relationship with its wafer suppliers to be critical to its success. State-of-the-art semiconductor manufacturing processes are sensitive to a wide variety of factors, including the level of contaminants in the manufacturing environment, impurities in the raw materials and the performance of the personnel and equipment employed. To date, the Company has not experienced any material difficulties or delays in the supply of wafers, but there can be no assurance that the Company will not experience such difficulties and delays in the future. Any prolonged inability to obtain adequate yields or deliveries on any existing or new products could adversely affect the Company's operating results. The Company also expects that, as is customary in the semiconductor business, it will in the future seek to convert its fabrication process arrangements to larger wafer sizes, to more advanced process technologies, or to new or additional suppliers in order to maintain or enhance its competitive position. Such conversions entail inherent technological risks that could adversely affect yields and delivery times, and have material adverse impact on the Company's operating results.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As of December 31, 1994, the Company's principal source of liquidity was \$89.4 million of cash and short-term investments, a decrease of \$4.2 million as compared to the balance of \$93.6 million at April 2, 1994. This balance decreased primarily because the cash generated from operations was offset by the advance payments made to Seiko (see "Significant Transactions" above).

Accounts receivable and deferred income on sales to distributors increased 21 percent and 25 percent, respectively, as compared to the balances at April 2, 1994. These increases are primarily due to the increase in revenue of 20 percent for the fiscal 1995 third quarter over the fiscal 1994 fourth quarter. Accounts payable and accrued expenses increased 86 percent as compared to the balance at April 2, 1994 due to increased expense activity related to the higher revenue levels as well as timing of payments.

The decrease in income taxes payable of \$483,000 at December 31, 1994 as compared to April 2, 1994 is primarily related to the timing of quarterly tax payments offsetting increased profitability in the fiscal 1995 periods.

Substantially all of the Company's silicon wafer purchases from Seiko are denominated in Japanese yen. The Company maintains yen-denominated bank accounts to mitigate its exposure to fluctuations in the yen/dollar exchange rate. These bank deposits are accounted for as identifiable hedges against specific and firm wafer purchases.

The Company currently anticipates capital expenditures of approximately \$7 million to \$8 million for the fiscal year ending April 1, 1995. A significant portion of these expenditures is for improvements and expansions to the company's manufacturing capacity and facilities.

In July 1994, the Company signed an agreement with its principal wafer supplier which calls for the Company to advance \$44 million to the supplier to be used in conjunction with the construction of additional wafer fabrication capacity and technology development. \$33.5 million of this amount has been paid; the remaining \$10.5 million installment will be paid during the current fiscal quarter. This advance will be repaid in the form of semiconductor wafers over a multi-year period beginning this fiscal year (see "Significant Transactions" above).

The Company believes its existing sources of liquidity and funds expected to be generated from operations will provide adequate cash to fund the Company's anticipated cash needs for at least the next 12 months.

- ITEM 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K
 - (a) Exhibits.
 - 11.1 Computation of Net Income Per Share
 Financial Data Schedule for Nine Months Ended December 31, 1994
 - (b) No reports on Form 8-K were filed during the three months ended December 31, 1994.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

LATTICE SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION

Date: February 9, 1995

Rodney F. Sloss By: Rodney F. Sloss Vice President, Finance (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

COMPUTATION OF NET INCOME PER SHARE (In thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

	Three Mor	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	Dec. 31, 1994	Jan. 1, 1994	Dec. 31, 1994	Jan. 1, 1994	
Net income	\$ 6,850	\$ 5,083	\$19,268	\$16,850	
Weighted average common etc	ok and common (stock oquivo	lonto		

Weighted average common stock and common stock equivalents:

Common stock Options and warrants	18,673 461	18,255 663	18,567 524	18,131 819
	19,134	18,918	19,091	18,950
Net income per share	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.27	\$ 1.01	\$ 0.89

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      APR-01-1995
         APR-03-1994
           DEC-31-1994
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               81,719
              14,053
                 726
                14,489
           130,486
                    42,833
             23,444
177,993
       30,825
                       0
                      187
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                146,981
177,993
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